

Political Declaration on HIV and AIDS: On the Fast-Track to Accelerate the Fight against HIV and to End the AIDS Epidemic by 2020

ON THE FAST-TRACK

To reduce new HIV infections to fewer than 500 000 by 2020

To reduce AIDS-related death to fewer than 500 000 by 2020

To eliminate HIV-related stigma and discrimination by 2020

- “The epidemic will have rebounded by 2030, representing an even more serious threat to the world’s future health and well-being and requiring substantial resources for what would then be an uncontrolled epidemic.”

Region	People living with HIV (total)	New HIV infections			AIDS-related deaths (total)	Total number accessing antiretroviral therapy
		total	Aged 15+	Aged 0–14		
Eastern and southern Africa	19.0 million [17.7 million–20.5 million]	960 000 [830 000–1.1 million]	910 000 [790 000–1.1 million]	56 000 [40 000–76 000]	470 000 [390 000–560 000]	10 million
Latin America and the Caribbean	2.0 million [1.7 million–2.3 million]	100 000 [86 000–120 000]	100 000 [84 000–120 000]	2100 [1600–2900]	50 000 [41 000–59 000]	1.1 million
Western and central Africa	6.5 million [5.3 million–7.8 million]	410 000 [310 000–530 000]	350 000 [270 000–450 000]	66 000 [47 000–87 000]	330 000 [250 000–430 000]	1.8 million
Asia and the Pacific	5.1 million [4.4 million–5.9 million]	300 000 [240 000–380 000]	280 000 [220 000–350 000]	19 000 [16 000–21 000]	180 000 [150 000–220 000]	2.1 million
Eastern Europe and central Asia	1.5 million [1.4 million–1.7 million]	190 000 [170 000–200 000]	190 000 [170 000–200 000]	...*	47 000 [39 000–55 000]	320 000
Middle East and North Africa	230 000 [160 000–330 000]	21 000 [12 000–37 000]	19 000 [11 000–34 000]	2100 [1400–3200]	12 000 [8700–16 000]	38 000
Western and central Europe and North America	2.4 million [2.2 million–2.7 million]	91 000 [89 000–97 000]	91 000 [88 000–96 000]	...*	22 000 [20 000–24 000]	1.4 million

EXPANDED GLOBAL TARGETS

Reduce the number of new HIV infections to fewer than 500 000

- ➔ Ensure that 90% of people at risk of HIV infection have access to comprehensive HIV prevention services, including sex workers and their clients, men who have sex with men, transgender people, people who inject drugs and prisoners.
- ➔ Ensure that 90% of young people have the skills, knowledge and capacity to protect themselves from HIV.
- ➔ Ensure universal access to quality and affordable sexual and reproductive health-care services, including HIV services, for women.
- ➔ Ensure access to harm reduction programmes.
- ➔ Reach 3 million people with pre-exposure prophylaxis by 2020.
- ➔ Reach 25 million men with voluntary medical male circumcision in high-incidence countries by 2020.
- ➔ Make 20 billion condoms available annually by 2020 in low- and middle-income countries.
- ➔ Invest at least a quarter of AIDS spending on HIV prevention by 2020.

Regional targets

Work towards reducing the number of new HIV infections among young people and adults (aged 15 and older) by 75% by 2020.

- ➔ In Asia and the Pacific to 88 000 new HIV infections.
- ➔ In eastern Europe and central Asia to 44 000 new HIV infections.
- ➔ In eastern and southern Africa to 210 000 new HIV infections.
- ➔ In Latin America and the Caribbean to 40 000 new HIV infections.
- ➔ In the Middle East and North Africa to 6200 new HIV infections.
- ➔ In western and central Africa to 67 000 new HIV infections.
- ➔ In western and central Europe and North America to 53 000 new HIV infections.

Reduce AIDS-related death to fewer than 500 000

- ➔ Ensure that 30 million people living with HIV access treatment by 2020.
- ➔ Commit to the 90–90–90 targets.
- ➔ Ensure that 1.6 million children living with HIV have access to antiretroviral treatment by 2018.
- ➔ Reduce tuberculosis-related deaths among people living with HIV by 75% by 2020.
- ➔ Address regulations, policies and practices that prevent access to safe, efficacious and affordable generic medicines, diagnostics and related health technologies, including by ensuring the full use of the Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights (TRIPS) flexibilities, and strengthen regional and local capacity to develop, manufacture and deliver quality-assured affordable health products.

Regional targets

Work towards increasing the percentage of young people and adults (aged 15 and older) on treatment in 2020 to at least 81%.

- ➔ In Asia and the Pacific to 4.1 million people.
- ➔ In eastern Europe and central Asia to 1.4 million people.
- ➔ In eastern and southern Africa to 14.1 million.
- ➔ In Latin America and the Caribbean to 1.6 million people.
- ➔ In the Middle East and North Africa to 210 000 people.
- ➔ In western and central Africa to 4.5 million people.
- ➔ In western and central Europe and North America to 2 million people.
- ➔ Ensure equal access to treatment for women and men.

Eliminate HIV-related stigma and discrimination

- ➔ Eliminate HIV-related stigma and discrimination in health-care settings by 2020.
- ➔ Eliminate gender inequalities and end all forms of violence and discrimination against women and girls, people living with HIV and key populations.
- ➔ Review and reform laws that reinforce stigma and discrimination, including on age of consent, HIV non-disclosure, exposure and transmission, travel restrictions and mandatory testing.

Taking AIDS out of isolation

- ➔ Reduce new cases of chronic viral hepatitis B and C infections by 30% by 2020.
- ➔ Ensure that 5 million people receive hepatitis B treatment by 2020.
- ➔ Ensure that 3 million people with chronic hepatitis C infection are treated by 2020.
- ➔ Reach 90% of all people who need tuberculosis treatment, including 90% of populations at higher risk, and achieve at least 90% treatment success.
- ➔ Commit to taking all appropriate steps to eliminate new HIV infections among children and for dual elimination of congenital syphilis.

KEY POPULATIONS ATLAS



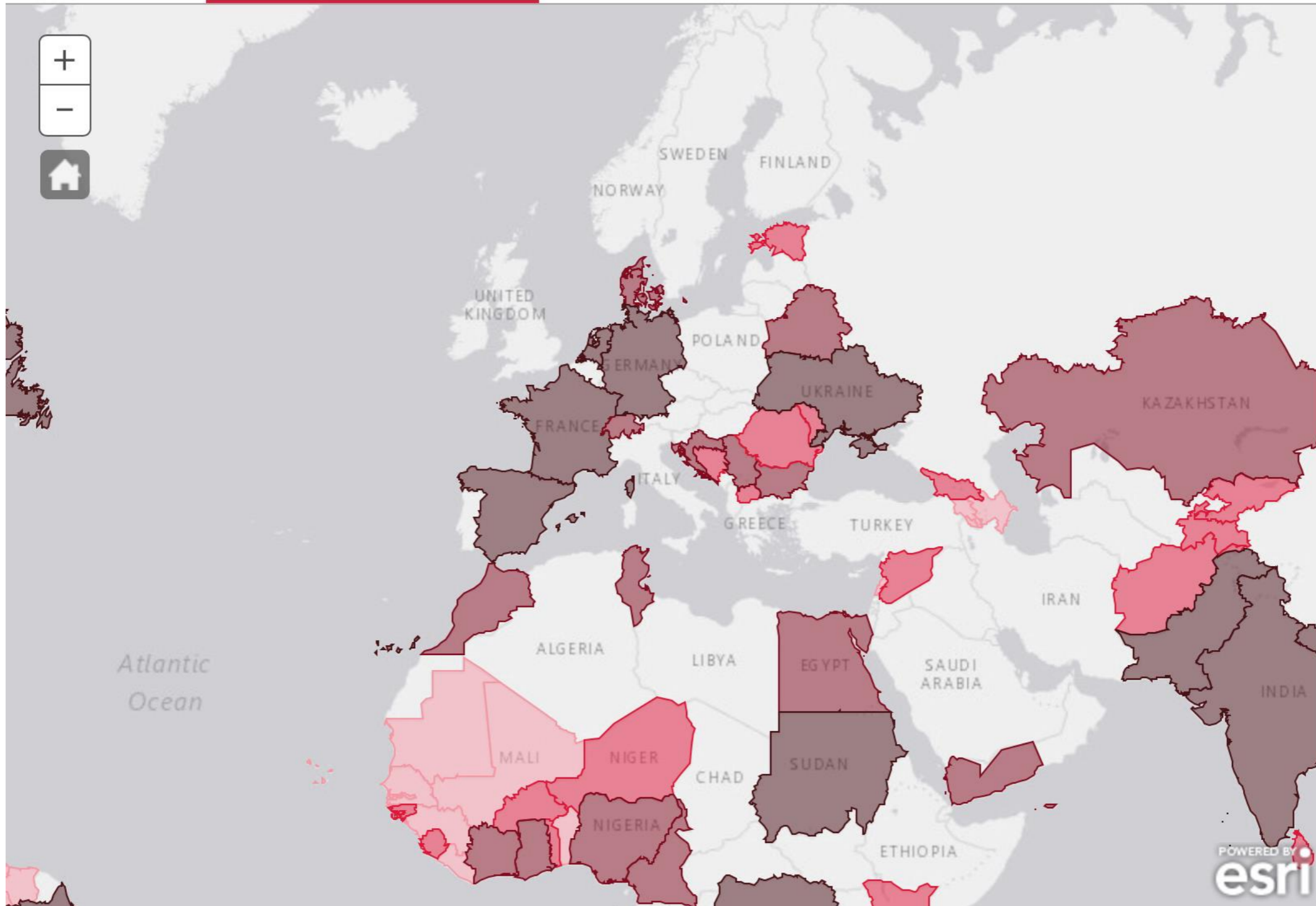
Sex workers

Men who have sex with men

People who inject drugs

Transgender people

Prisoners



HIV

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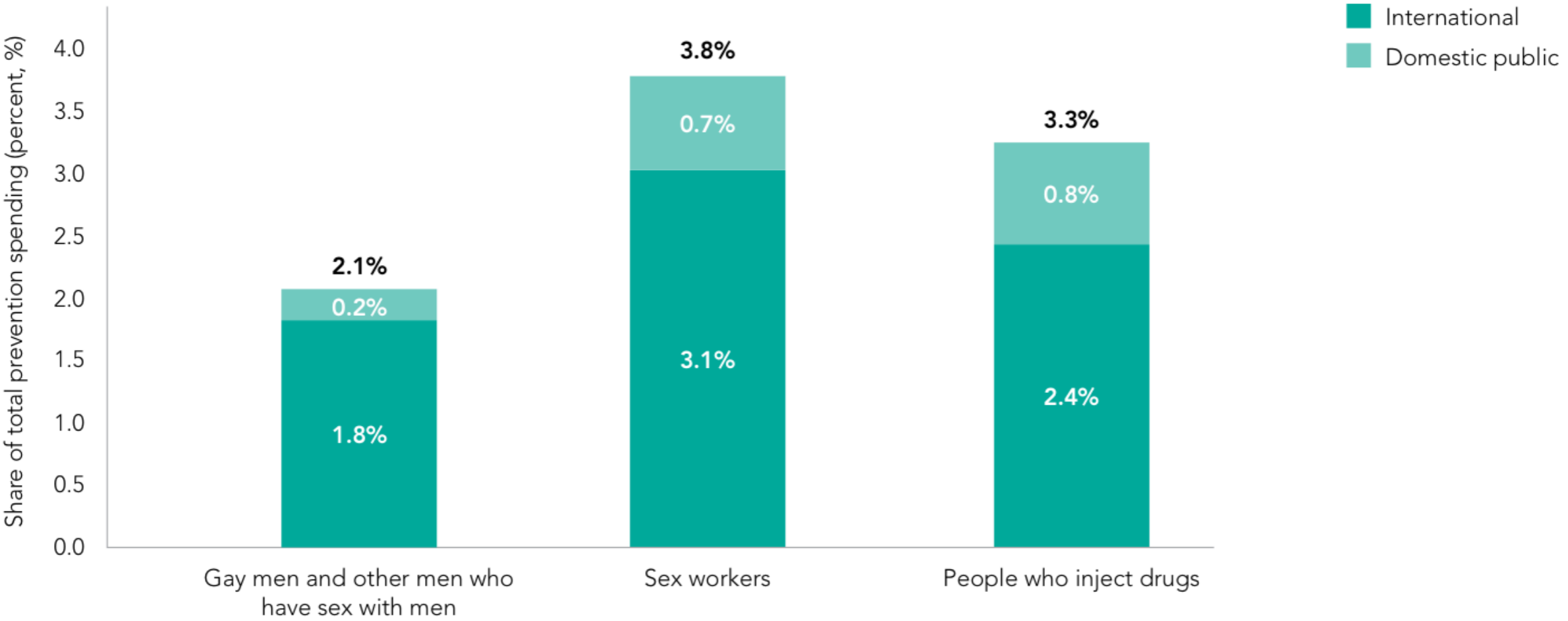
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Countries

- ≤ 6.9K
- 28.0K-104.9K
- No data

**PREVENTION
GAP REPORT**

Spending on programmes specifically for key populations as a percentage of total prevention spending by source, 2010–2014



Source: Global AIDS Response Progress Reporting, 2010-2014.



MISSION

To deliver an AIDS-free generation with accountability, transparency, and impact

Other Investments

- PEPFAR is a founding donor of the Robert Carr Civil Society Networks Fund (RCNF), which strengthens civil society networks and helps populations most in need of HIV services. PEPFAR committed \$10 million to the most recent replenishment of RCNF.
- PEPFAR and the Elton John AIDS Foundation have a \$10 million partnership to help fund organizations working to meet the HIV-related needs of LGBT people.
- PEPFAR supports LINKAGES – a \$90 million multi-year initiative to assist partner governments, civil society organizations, and private-sector providers in delivering HIV/AIDS services to key populations.
- PEPFAR's \$20 million Key Populations Challenge Fund – with an additional \$13 million from

PEPFAR

U.S. President's Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief

Key Populations

PEPFAR stands firmly and unequivocally with and for key populations. These groups include gay men and other men who have sex with men, people who inject drugs, sex workers, transgender persons, and prisoners.

In almost every country in the world, members of these populations are at greater risk for HIV than the rest of the population. Globally, these key populations account for 35 percent of new HIV infections, according to UNAIDS, whereas they make up a much smaller proportion of the total population.

PEPFAR has several dedicated initiatives (see below and sidebar) for expanding access to and retention in HIV prevention, treatment, and care services by members of key populations, including a \$100 million Key Populations Investment Fund. Since 2013, PEPFAR has invested more than \$300 million in programs focusing on key populations.

Addressing Stigma and Discrimination

When any member of a community is stigmatized or unable to access services due to discrimination, the health and human dignity of everyone in the community are threatened. Laws, regulations, and policies that relate to HIV as well as stigma and discrimination on the part of health care workers and community leaders can deter members of vulnerable groups from seeking and obtaining health services.

PEPFAR's programs support the creation of non-stigmatizing environments that enable all persons receiving services to have consistently safe access to quality clinical and community-based care and support.

The Key Populations Investment Fund

Demonstrating the depth of our commitment to key populations, PEPFAR has launched a \$100 million Key Populations Investment Fund to increase access to quality HIV services for these groups. PEPFAR is consulting with civil society and stakeholders on the planning and implementation of the fund.



**HOW MILLIONS
OF PEOPLE
IN WEST AND
CENTRAL AFRICA
ARE BEING LEFT OUT
OF THE GLOBAL
HIV RESPONSE**

WORLD AIDS DAY 2016
HANDS UP FOR
#HIVPREVENTION

